

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations Revision Date: 3/1/2021

Version: 1.0

## **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

1.1. Product Identifier Product Form: Substance

**Product Name:** HD-5 Propane (W/O Odorant)

CAS No: 74-98-6

1.2. Intended Use of the Product No additional information available1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

#### Company

Southcross Energy 2103 Citywest Blvd., STE 900 Houston, TX 77042 T (713) 580-0265

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 877-880-9022

1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

#### **GHS-US classification**

Simple Asphy

Flam. Gas 1 H220 Liquefied gas H280 Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label Elements

**GHS-US Labeling** 

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)





Signal Word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H220 - Extremely flammable gas.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking.

P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

#### 2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite. Exposure to concentrations above 2% may cause a general central nervous system (CNS) depression typical of anesthetic gases or intoxicants.

### 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## 3.1. Substance

Name : HD-5 Propane (W/O Odorant)

CAS No : 74-98-6

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Propane	(CAS No) 74-98-6	100	Simple Asphy
			Flam. Gas 1, H220
			Compressed gas, H280

10/08/2015 EN (English US) 1/6

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

**First-aid Measures General**: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). If frostbite or freezing occurs, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water to GENTLY warm the affected area. Do not use hot water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

**First-aid Measures After Inhalation**: Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists. First, take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate respiratory protective equipment, use the buddy system), then remove the exposed person to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

**First-aid Measures After Skin Contact**: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

**First-aid Measures After Eye Contact**: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite. Asphyxia by lack of oxygen: risk of death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: In elevated concentrations may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased breathing rate. Symptoms of asphyxiation include headache, dizziness, rapid breathing, increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite and freeze burns. **Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact:** Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite, freeze burns, and permanent eye damage.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:** Not considered a potential route of exposure, but contact with gas escaping the container can cause freeze burns and frostbite.

#### 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

## **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not extinguish burning gas if flow cannot be shut off immediately. Extinguish secondary FIRES with appropriate materials.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

#### 5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Extremely flammable gas.

Explosion Hazard: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Container may explode in heat of fire.

**Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

## 5.3. Advice for Firefighters

**Precautionary Measures Fire:** Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

**Firefighting Instructions:** Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Other Information:** Use water spray to disperse vapors.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors.

## **6.1.1.** For Non-emergency Personnel

**Protective Equipment:** Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

**Emergency Procedures:** Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

### **6.1.2.** For Emergency Responders

**Protective Equipment:** Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency Procedures:** Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Evacuate unnecessary personnel, isolate, and ventilate area.

10/08/2015 EN (English US) 2/6

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### 6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

**For Containment:** Stop leak, if possible without risk. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Stop the source of the release, if safe to do so. Consider the use of water spray to disperse vapors. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering.

#### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

**Additional Hazards When Processed:** Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers. Asphyxiating gas at high concentrations.

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe gas.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

## 7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

**Technical Measures:** Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

**Storage Conditions:** Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Keep in fireproof place. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling.

**Incompatible Products:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

**7.3.** Specific End Use(s) No additional information available

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Propane (74-98-6)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	2100 ppm (10% LEL)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm

## 8.2. Exposure Controls

**Appropriate Engineering Controls** 

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Use explosion-proof equipment. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released.

**Personal Protective Equipment** 

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection of the dependent type.



**Materials for Protective Clothing** 

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.
: Wear protective gloves. If material is cold, wear thermally resistant protective

**Hand Protection** 

**Eve Protection** 

gloves.
: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

10/08/2015 EN (English US) 3/6

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

**Respiratory Protection** : Use a NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may

exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Thermal Hazard Protection : Wear thermally resistant protective clothing.

Other Information : When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Gas

Appearance : Colorless, liquefied gas

Odor : Odorless

**Odor Threshold** : No data available : No data available pН : No data available **Evaporation Rate Melting Point** : > -187 °C (-304.6 °F) **Freezing Point** : No data available **Boiling Point** : -45 °C (-49 °F) **Flash Point** : -73 °C (-99.4 °F) **Auto-ignition Temperature** : 450 °C (842 °F) **Decomposition Temperature** : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable gas

Vapor Pressure : > 1000 mm Hg (at 20 °C)

Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C : 1.6
Relative Density : 0.5

Solubility: Water: NegligiblePartition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: No data availableViscosity: No data available

**Explosive Properties** : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Lower Flammable Limit : 2 % Upper Flammable Limit : 9.5 %

9.2. Other Information

Gas Group : Compressed gas

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

- **10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, open flames, sources of ignition and incompatible materials.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizers.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Propane (74-98-6)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	658 mg/l/4h

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

10/08/2015 EN (English US) 4/6

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

**Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** In elevated concentrations may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased breathing rate. Symptoms of asphyxiation include headache, dizziness, rapid breathing, increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite and freeze burns.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact:** Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite, freeze burns, and permanent eye damage.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:** Not considered a potential route of exposure, but contact with gas escaping the container can cause freeze burns and frostbite.

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

**Ecology - General** : Not classified.

#### 12.2. Persistence and Degradability

HD-5 Propane (W/O Odorant) (74-98-6)	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

HD-5 Propane (W/O Odorant) (74-98-6)	
Bioaccumulative Potential Not established.	
Propane (74-98-6)	
Log Pow	2.3

**12.4. Mobility in Soil** No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other Adverse Effects

**Other Information** : Avoid release to the environment.

#### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

**Additional Information:** Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions. Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Empty gas cylinders should be returned to the vendor for recycling or refilling. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

**Ecology – Waste Materials:** Avoid release to the environment.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### 14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : PROPANE see also Petroleum gases, liquefied

Hazard Class : 2.1
Identification Number : UN1978
Label Codes : 2.1
ERG Number : 115
14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : PROPANE

Hazard Class : 2
Division : 2.1
Identification Number : UN1978
Label Codes : 2.1
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-D
EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-U



#### 14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : PROPANE Identification Number : UN1978 Hazard Class : 2 Label Codes : 2.1

Division : 2.1

ERG Code (IATA) : 10L



10/08/2015 EN (English US) 5/6

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## US Federal Regulations

23.1 OST CUCTUI NEGUIATIONS		
HD-5 Propane (W/O Odorant) (74-98-6)		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard	
	Sudden release of pressure hazard	
	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
Propane (74-98-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substance	ces Control Act) inventory	

#### 15.2 **US State Regulations**

#### Propane (74-98-6)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

**Revision Date** : 3/1/2021

**Other Information** : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS

requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR

1910.1200.

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gases Category 1
Simple Asphy	May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation
H220	Extremely flammable gas
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

**NFPA Health Hazard** : 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor

residual injury even if no treatment is given.

**NFPA Fire Hazard** : 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal

pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in

air and will burn readily.

**NFPA Reactivity** : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure

conditions, and are not reactive with water.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as quaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)

